

CS 240: Principles of Computer Organization
Assignment#6
Due before start of class on Tuesday, April 29, 2025.

Description: This exercise describes **two** LC-3 assembly language programs. For this assignment you can **choose to do either one**. For extra credit (equivalent to a full assignment credit) you may do both. **The deadlines are firm. There will be no extensions.**

Description#1 (DayDate): Write an LC-3 assembly language program to compute the day of the year, given a date. For example, Feb 1, 2025 is the 32nd day of the year.

You can place the date in pre-assigned registers. For example: R0/R1/R2 = (mm/dd/yyyy).

It should output the date and the result on the console in the format shown:

The date is: 02/01/2025

It is day 32 of the year.

Notes:

1. For this program, do not worry about leap years (that would be another subroutine!). Assume there are 365 days in a year.
2. You will make extensive use of subroutines and system TRAP routines to carry out your work.
3. Start by writing the program in pseudocode, choose registers for variables used in pseudocode. Use subroutines where applicable. Draw a flowchart. Encode the flowchart in LC-3 instructions.
4. Submit your complete program by the due date via e-mail in its source file (e.g. **DayDate.asm**).

Description#2 (HiLo): Write an LC-3 assembly language program to play a simple guessing the number game (HiLo). Assume that the program has stored a number between 0-9 (inclusive). The program gives the user at most 5 chances to guess that number. The user will enter their guesses from the keyboard when prompted (use the TRAP instructions).

If a user's guess is larger than the selected number, the program should output:

`Too big.`

if smaller, it should output:

`Too small.`

If correct, it should output:

`Correct! You took # guesses.`

where # is the number of guesses. If after 5 guesses the user has not guessed the number, the program should output:

`Game over. Correct answer is #.`

where # is the number selected. If the user enters a character other than 0-9, the program should output:

`Invalid guess.`

And count that as a guess, and go on.

Notes:

1. You may pre-select the number to be guessed and code it in your program.
2. Start by writing the program in pseudocode, choose registers for variables used in pseudocode. Use subroutines where applicable. Draw a flowchart. Encode the flowchart in LC-3 instructions.
3. Submit your complete program by the due date via e-mail in its source file (e.g. **HiLo.asm**).